SECRET

DCI BRIEFING

22 May 1961

SOUTH ASIA

- I. Nehru, despite preoccupation with his two major problems--relations with Peiping and new Third Five Year Plan--has recently returned to active role as international conciliator.
 - A. Nehru used his personal influence to maximum in moving Laos problem toward peaceful solution through reliance on Indian-led ICC.
 - 1. New Delhi views Indian and Western policy objectives now as identical, but is likely to disagree in negotiations on tactics and interpretation of truce terms.
 - 2. Indians calculate that any settlement on Laos will favor Communists; they are worried that Chinese Communists—work—ing through Pathet Lao—will gain dominance in Laos, thus are lending some support to Soviets in hopes of countering Chinese influence.
 - B. Nehru continues to give strong support to UN effort in Congo, with more than 4,000 Indian troops now on scene (mostly in Katanga).
- II. Sino-Indian border dispute remains deadlocked with little basis for further efforts toward solution.
 - A. New Delhi continues urgent program to strengthen defenses along frontier, including purchase of transport aircraft from USSR and more Canberras from UK.

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- III. Pushtoonistan dispute, involving longstanding Afghan demand that Pushtoon tribes living on Pakistani side of border be given right of self-determination, recently has reached more dangerous stage.
 - A. Kabul has sent regular Afghan troops disguised as tribesmen into Pakistani tribal territory as part of effort to incite rebellion against Pak government.
 - B. About 1,000 Afghan guerrillas, using old British mortars and machine guns, attacked Pakistani garrisons near border on 20 May.
 - C. Latest clash may lead to new criticism of US by both sides.
 - 1. Pakistan complains US "neutrality" makes Afghans "bolder."
 - 2. Afghanistan charges US military aid to Pakistan has been used against "oppressed" tribal people.
- IV. Political and economic situation in Nepal is deteriorating steadily, as King Mahendra fails to make a go of his personal rule and political elements ousted in December step up their resistance activities.